

CROSSFIELD CHRONICLE

VOL. XXIII. No. 25

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, JULY 10th, 1930

PRICE 1.50 A YEAR

Special Mid-Summer

S-A-L-E

OF

Enamel Kitchen Ware

We have 500 pieces of enamelware that we have grouped in lots to sell at popular prices ranging from

10c to \$1.25

This is good quality merchandise bought specially for this Sale and comprises all articles needed in the kitchen and the prices are less than one-half the usual.

Everything is here, from mixing spoons to preserving kettles—Don't fail to look these over.

Wm. Laut

The Pioneer Merchant

Crossfield, Alta.

GAS

WITH A FLASH ETHYL

We have just installed a new tank and can supply you with ETHYL GAS. Touch the starter, shift to second—and away like a flash. That's the sort of service your car gives you when its tank is filled with ETHYL. It gives your motor pep.

CROSSFIELD GARAGE

F. T. BAKER, Proprietor

Agents for:

British American Gasoline, Kerosene, Oils and Greases.
Phone 4 Crossfield, Alberta.

A Building is Only as Good as the Material Used in its Construction

We carry one of the largest and best assorted stocks of any country lumber yard in Alberta, and we back it up with personal service.

Let us know your wants—we do the rest.

Atlas Lumber Co., Ltd.

HARRY R. FITZPATRICK

Member

W.R.L.A.

The New Meat Market QUALITY MEATS

Both Fresh and Cured

Royer & Gazeley

Service With a Smile

Crossfield, Alta.

Eastern Full Fashioned SILK STOCKINGS

Known the Dominion Over for Their Appearance,
Wearing Qualities and Perfect Fit. Latest shades
and All Sizes. Priced to sell.

The Crossfield Cash Store

Phone 33

N. A. Johnson

CELEBRATION WAS A HUGE SUCCESS

Friday, July 4, proved a red letter day in the history of Crossfield district, when the Agricultural Society staged their annual sports and celebration.

The day seemed made-to-order for the occasion and from the time that the crowd of approximately 500 people assembled on the grounds at 1 o'clock till almost 7, there was not a dull moment for anybody.

The concert and dance in the evening was very well attended, and was a fitting climax to a "Perfect Day," and if one is to judge from the favorable comments heard on all sides, we predict that such gatherings as this are to form an important part of the social life of this district.

Below are the details of the different events.

RACES

120 yards open—1, G. Morrison; 2, M. Fitzpatrick; 3, Franks.
Girls open 100 yards—1, M. Fitzpatrick; 2, Bubbles Goldie; 3, H. Parsons.

Married Ladies' Race, 50 yards—1, Mrs. V. Patmore; 2, Mrs. H. Fitzpatrick; 3, Mrs. J. Reeves.

440 yards open—1, G. Morrison; 2, G. Jones; 3, M. Fitzpatrick.
Men's race—R. Bennett; 2, L. Parsons; 3, W. E. Spivey.

HIGH JUMP

Girls 12 and under—A. Casey; 2, E. Donald; 3, J. McCrimmon.
Boys 12 and under—H. Hehr; 2, G. Dewitt; 3, Goldie.

Girls Open—1, V. Green; 2, Bubbles Goldie; 3, A. Casey.

Boys Open—1, W. Richards; 2, D. Fleming; 3, R. Fleming.

HOP, STEP AND JUMP

Girls 12 and under—1, A. Casey; 2, Sharp; 3, J. McCrimmon.
Boys 12 and under—1, J. Hewitt; 2, G. Goldie; H. Hehr.

Girls Open—M. Fitzpatrick; 2, Bubbles Goldie; 3, A. Casey.

Boys Open—1, D. Fleming; 2, E. Gordon; 3, Pogue.

RUNNING BROAD JUMP

Girls 12 and under—1, M. Methel; 2, J. McCrimmon; 3, A. Casey.
Boys 12 and under—1, G. Goldie; 2, H. Casey; 3, H. Mair.

Girls Open—1, M. Fitzpatrick; 2, Bubbles Goldie; 3, A. Casey.
Boys Open—E. Gordon; 2, Morrison; 3, Low.

Sack Race—1, H. Sackett; 2, J. Cameron; Bubbles Goldie.

In addition there were 5 races for the younger children. Wheelbarrow races and tug of war.
C. Morrison took both the special donated by A. Cruickshank and E. Bills in the 100 yards and 440.

HORSESHOE TOURNAMENT

The players of the well known game of barnyard golf had a most interesting and closely contested tournament. 20 of the best players in the town and district participated. Wm. Pogue and H. Quinn, carried off first money; E. B. DeWitt and Wm. Aldred, second; M. Patmore and Mr. Fricky, third.

\$2.00 went to the first team, \$8.00 to the second team, \$5.00 to the third. The money for the tournament was put up by Adam Cruickshank of the Oliver Hotel.

FOOTBALL

The football tournament was very popular and kept a large crowd interested. Playing five men aside, and scoring on the point system, of two points for a goal and one point for a corner, was a new venture here and worked out very well.

In the first match, Crossfield won from Samsponston, 4 points to 3. Beaverdan got the decision over Tany-Bryn, by 3 points to 3. Beaverdan and Crossfield met in the final match, which was won by the team from the West, by a score of 5 points to 3.

(Continued on Page 8)

Whoopce—Let's Go !!!

A picnic and sports will be held in the Crossfield Park on Wednesday afternoon, July 23rd, starting at 2 o'clock promptly; under the auspices of the Board of Trade, who with the aid of others interested in the welfare of the youngsters, have made possible the purchase of \$300 worth of play-ground equipment, which is now installed in the Park and is second to none in any of the city parks.

There will be a full line of sports for all school children in the district. Golf putting contest, softball tournament, duck pond, coconut shv, horseshoe contest—in fact a miniature midway.

Bring your picnic basket and enjoy a pleasant afternoon under the shade trees which adorn our beautiful park. Free coffee will be served on the grounds, but, please bring your own tea and sugar.

Bigger and better than ever. Don't forget the date. Admission free.

Old-Timer of Crossfield Passes Away in Calgary

John James Anderson, age 57, died at the family residence, 128 Ninth Avenue Northwest, on Saturday evening, July 5th, after an illness of ten weeks. Mr. Anderson was an old-timer in the Crossfield district, having homesteaded east of here in 1905, and residing here until 1920, when moved to Calgary.

He was born in Jersey City, N. J., of Irish parentage, and came to Canada twenty six years ago. In addition to his wife, he is survived by one daughter, Mrs. Wilson, Stafford of Crossfield, and two brothers and four sisters in the U.S.

Funeral services were conducted from Shaver's funeral home on Wednesday afternoon. A large concourse of people attended the funeral. Many friends from Crossfield and district were in attendance.

BASEBALL

The local club played a league game at Didsbury on Friday night, and shut the northerners out by a score of 20 runs to 0. Donnie McFadyen pitched most of the route for Crossfield, Russ James went in for an inning, and went big. The game proved to be only a batting practise for the Bills' gang.

The Booster Club of Calgary and the locals split even here in a double header on Sunday. Calgary won the first game by a score of 5 runs to 4. Angus Robertson done the pitching.

In the second game, the locals had a whole lot of fun with Calgary, stealing bases and fooling around as they pleased to chalk up a 16 to 2 victory. The Calgary club could not do anything with Scotty Lee's pitching.

There is still three games to be played to complete the league schedule. Olds have two games to play here, and Crossfield goes to Innisfail for a game. These games will be played next week. Crossfield can drop all three games and then lead the league by several games.

The standing of the league to date: Crossfield, first; Innisfail, second; Didsbury, third; and Olds resting very cool and comfortable in the cellar.

Crossfield will be put to the acid test on Sunday, when they play the Calgary Athletics a double-header at 3 and 5 p.m. The Athletics win over the Dodgers, assures you of a real battle in both games on Sunday. Manager Bills has a dark horse who can really pitch, to send against the Athletics in the second game. Lee will work in the first game and Smokey Williams will be back to play the hot corner. Hot dog!

COAL

Murray Stove Coal

\$6.50

PER TON

Crossfield District Co-Operative Association U. F. A. Limited

Get It At the Co-Op.

Crossfield

Service--

Whether it is vulcanizing a tire, re-charging a battery, changing oil, greasing the car, or any of the one dozen and one things that require attention this time of year, we are "Johnny on the Spot."

We Carry Oils, Greases and Gasoline

The Service Garage

W. J. WOOD

P.O. Box 77.

Phone 11.

Agents for the Well Known Cheeney Rod Weeder

and

Frost & Wood Giant No. 8 Mower

Full line of Repairs for the above.

TREDAWAY & SPRINGSTEEN

Phone 3

Crossfield

We Wish to Announce to Our Customers
that we have secured the agency for the

Mills Wire Weeder

We can supply you with either
rod or wire weeders as
you desire.

GIBSON BROS. & WALLACE

Crossfield, Alberta

THE OLIVER HOTEL

A. CRUICKSHANK, Prop.

Steam Heated, Hot and Cold Water

Dining Room and Lunch Counter in Connection

Crossfield

Phone 54

Alberta.

The Bacon Export Market Neglected As Canadian Hog Industry Fails To Expand

Exports of bacon from Canada to Great Britain are no greater today than they were 37 years ago. This means that while our hog industry has not ceased to grow, the growth in the number of hogs produced annually has not been enough to take care of the needs of both export and domestic markets.

The chart on this page will help to make the conditions clear at a glance. The upper line shows the rise and fall of our bacon exports to the British market since 1893. It tells its own story of a rapid rise until 1900, a slight recession then and a rise again to 1904, with then a steady drop until 1914 when we were almost back at the 1893 level, which may be taken as the end of the first period. Then followed the enormous wartime increment until 1921, followed by a rapid downward trend until today we are again back at the same level as 1893.

tion of the now vast tourist trade in Canada. If this were properly given weight the per capita figure reported might be considerably diminished. Yet whatever increase has taken place in consumption over the period as a whole it is evident that provision has only been made for one of the two Canadian markets. The vast export possibilities in Great Britain have not been neglected in the full sense of the term, but no strong co-ordinated effort by producers has been made to turn it to proper account. Canadian packers have striven unremittently for well over a quarter of a century to hold that market, first against the competition of Irish and Danish bacon shippers and, latterly, against Dutch, Swedish, Baltic and Polish competitors. But without hogs no bacon trade can be kept going. And the number of hogs kept on Canadian farms have been

An Empire Service

Duke of Connaught Advises British Youth To Go To Canada. "There have probably been no greater openings at any time in the world for young men prepared to work than those presented by Canada today," declared the Duke of Connaught, formerly governor-general of Canada, in his address at Wellington College, Grouthorne, recently. There was an enormous demand for qualified engineers and chemists and if Britain were able to keep up sending a steady stream of trained men to the dominions it would be doing a great Empire service.

Busy New York

In New York City, a child is born every four minutes. Nine million persons scramble daily for subway seats. Fourteen persons are married every hour. On the average for a year, 25 new buildings are put up every day and six torn down. New Yorkers and their guests eat 7,000,000 eggs a day. And how the human family loves amusement! There are 800 theatres in New York City.

Planning Sheep Survey

Dominion Government Will Make Complete Study Of Western Conditions

An economic survey of sheep ranching in Saskatchewan, Alberta, and British Columbia will be undertaken this summer by the Dominion Department of Agriculture, Dr. J. Grisdale, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, has announced. The work will be under the direction of the agricultural economics branch in cooperation with the Dominion experimental farms. Preliminary arrangements for the survey are practically completed and field work will get under way in the near future.

A complete study of conditions in the sheep ranching industry is contemplated. This is the beginning of a programme of research work in agricultural economics on behalf of the livestock industry. It is anticipated that between 150 and 200 sheep ranches will be visited in the three provinces, and at these complete information with respect to all phases of operation will be sought. The economic survey will seek to establish facts as to the profitability of sheep ranching as carried on in different regions.

Extraction Of Gasoline From Tar Sands Of Alberta Is Now An Accomplished Fact

Fresh Air For Health

Thousands Of City Men Make Gardens For Old Folks As Well As A Pleasure

Funny old fellow, isn't it? Hundreds of thousands of farm boys going to the city to get wealth, with hundreds of thousands of city men digging in little back yards to retain health.

The farm boy wants city life, while the city man finds no greater pleasure nor so better exercise than he gets by turning his city property as easily into a farm as possible.

He digs that little bare spot back of the garage. He hoses in the soil at the side of the house. He cultivates as much of his back yard as his wife can spare from her wash line, and as he digs and hoes and cultivates he gets the very kind of exercise he most needs. Truly there is health in the backyard, if one but seeks it.

By the utilization of natural gas, gasoline in almost unlimited quantities can be commercially produced from the tar sands in Northern Alberta. Announcement of this discovery was made by Dr. E. H. Boomer, University of Alberta, addressing the National Research Council.

The credit for a new method, which yields light oils suitable for the production of gasoline, goes to Dr. Boomer and Dr. A. K. Clark, also of the university. A semi-commercial plant is now in operation in the field, and results show that Western Canada, at least, shortly will be independent in the production of motor fuel.

Research in connection with tar sands has been conducted for several years under grants by the National Research Council and energetic study has produced striking results, it was revealed.

By the application of hydrogen, obtained from the enormous quantities of natural gas available in Alberta, Dr. Boomer has hydrogenated the tar and produced a light oil that readily cracks to produce gasoline.

Dr. Clark and Dr. Boomer have been working for a considerable period on schemes to make tar sand and natural gas available for commercial consumption in transportation form. The first step in the process was to extract the tar from the tar sands, then by the introduction of natural gas into the combination a method has been found to produce a light oil from which gasoline can readily be manufactured.

Tar sands in northern Alberta were stated to be almost inexhaustible, while natural gas, with its important content of hydrogen, is also present in enormous quantities in the province.

The fact that a plant for the production of gasoline has already been set up and has established definite commercial possibilities, is regarded here as a favorite indication that gasoline from products that formerly went to waste is now beyond mere possibility, and promises the founding of an important industry.

Officials of the National Research Council are enthusiastic as to the possibilities of the new method as far as Western Canada is concerned, and are agreed that with large plants and large production, gasoline from this source would eventually become a competitive factor on the markets of Eastern Canada.

Dr. H. M. Tory, president of the National Research Council, expressed his approval of the discovery made by Dr. Boomer and Dr. Clark. Dr. Tory said that the new method of producing gasoline from tar sand held great promise and pronounced it "the most significant development in this direction in several years."

Considering the fact that semi-commercial production was already a fact, Dr. Tory said it might be expected that pronounced development would occur in a short time. Dr. Tory was not prepared to say to what extent gasoline produced by this means would invade Eastern Canada, but stated that such was not beyond the bounds of early possibility.

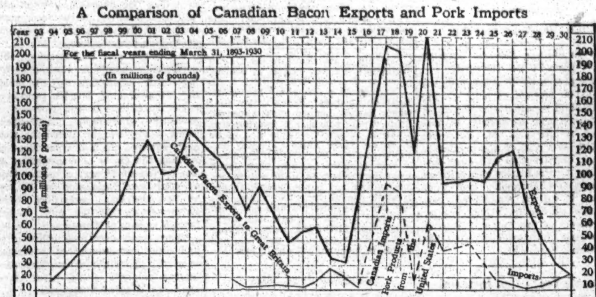
Experiments in an endeavor to utilize valuable material in the tar sands and natural gas of the prairie provinces had been under way for some time, he said, but this was the most significant advance. The discovery had the value of rendering two of the most easily obtainable products in that province through their combination.

Bird Sanctuaries

To assist in the protection of the breeding range of waterfowl in Western Canada, a number of bird sanctuaries and public shooting grounds which serve a similar purpose by protecting marsh and lake habitat, have been reserved. This action in reserving these sanctuaries has been undertaken as a responsibility under the Migratory Bird Treaty with the United States.



Client: "I hear you paint splendid birds!"
Artist: "Yes."
Client: "I want a group; my wife, my mother-in-law, my two sisters-in-law and myself."
—Ouellette, Madrid



We are back at that stage—but worse. For now our exports, about 20 million pounds in 1929, are almost exactly balanced by our imports from the United States. This is seen from the lower line showing our imports since 1906.

That balance means that Canadian hog growers are producing just enough for the home market with no margin whatever for an export trade. In general, it may be said that the American imports are not re-exported. They are absorbed into the domestic trade, filling a gap that would otherwise be filled in the home supplies by the absorption of the Canadian selects and hams used in our export Whitehead trade. To a less degree we seem to have developed the same trend as in Ireland, where the better grades of bacon are shipped to England and American bacon is imported for the domestic trade.

In 1893, the year in which the chart records begin, Canada had a population of about five million people. The number of hogs then reported on farms was 1,754,000. In 1929, when our population was about ten million, our hog numbers on farms were set down as 4,382,000. That is a ratio of about 34 hogs to every hundred people in 1893, and of 43 hogs today. Forty years ago hogs were heavier than they are today, but the litter is probably larger today and marketing is done much earlier, that is, the turnover of livestock is faster, so that the total amount of pork produced may not be greatly different for the two periods. The per capita consumption in Canada, so far as the available records go, seems to have increased. An estimate of the Bureau of Statistics set the pre-war average at 60 pounds per person. In 1928 the per capita consumption of all pork was estimated to be 82 pounds a figure arrived at by dividing the total production less net exports by the total permanent population. This does not seem to take into account the highly important temporary popula-

Insufficient to supply more than one market.

The British market in bacon is most vital to the Canadian hog producer both with regard to actual size and in its trend. For the last three years the British importations have been: 1927, 948,528,000 pounds; 1928, 980,000,000 pounds; 1929, 927,584,000 pounds. Canada supplied in 1927, 56,336,000 pounds, or 6 per cent; in 1928, 24,264,000 pounds, or 3 1/2 per cent; and in 1929, 22,238,000 pounds, or 2 1/2 per cent of the total. This year it is expected that our supply will drop below 2 per cent, or not be almost wiped out.

So much for the size; what of the trend? Take only after-war conditions. In 1921 the total British imports of bacon were 636 million pounds. They went up by 100,000,000 pounds each year in 1922 they were but a little short of a billion pounds—an increase in the eight years of over 56 per cent. In that period the Canadian share of the total trade had slipped back from 14 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent.

It is noteworthy that though there have been increases in the lower priced qualities of bacon from Russia, Poland, and the Baltic, with frozen pork from New Zealand and Argentina, the main increase in the British trade has been in the higher-priced qualities of Whitehead from Denmark, Sweden and Holland, the first two running a little above Canadian and the Dutch a little below.

Looked at from the national income point of view the loss to Canada of this great trade is important. The British consuming public has year by year paid out, in wholesale prices, enormous sums for imported bacon, of which Canada's share is far below the possibilities of production.

Protective Charms

Collection On Exhibition In London, England, Is Extraordinary

An extraordinary array of charms for curing illnesses have been collected by Mr. E. Lovett, of the Folk Lore Society, and exhibited at the Southwark Museum. Among them is the skin of a cat brought to London by a Belgian refugee as a safeguard against catching cold. Potatoes, which, carried in the pocket, are supposed to ward off rheumatism, and strings of lucky beads worn by children during the war to protect them against air-raids, are also features of the exhibition. One woman who came to look at the exhibition, had two acorns hung at the end of ribbon. Whenever she had a pain, she explained, she would tie the ribbon so that the acorns lay against the parts affected.

It is estimated that one out of every 24 automobiles in the United States has an accident at some time during the year.

Street Accidents In London

Records Show Three Persons Killed and 127 Injured Daily For First Three Months

Official papers show that on each day for the first quarter of this year three persons were killed and 127 injured—in London, England, alone. Last year's totals of killed and injured in London, were 1,383 and 56,321. For the whole of Great Britain there were 6,696 killed and 190,817 injured. During the two and a half years of the South African war the total British loss in killed was 5,774. In the same period, on the figures given above, Great Britain may expect to lose 16,740 lives in street accidents.

A Boy's Makeup

Just what little boys are made of has been answered by Sir Arthur Yapp, secretary of the National Y.M.C.A. Council. The makeup is: Mischief, 5 per cent; pride, 5 per cent; courage, 10 per cent; love of truth, 10 per cent; fear of what others may think, 10 per cent; selfishness, self-will, and self-indulgence, 25 per cent; push and go, 25 per cent.

Prince and President



This photograph, sent by radio from Clydebank to this continent, shows His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, accompanied by E. W. Beatty, chairman and president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, inspecting the mighty "Empress of Britain," one of Canadian liners, just before she was launched. This 43,000-ton vessel, longest steamship in intra-European trade, will be placed in service between Quebec, Chertbourg and Southampton in the early summer of 1933.

WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

Three hundred and fifty Canadian pilgrims headed by Cardinal Rouleau of Quebec, were received in audience recently by Pope Pius.

A permit to develop an area of 5, 120 acres of bituminous sands in Alberta has been granted to Walter P. Hinton, Toronto, according to the current issues of the Canada Gazette.

The recently signed parcel post agreement between Cuba and Canada is expected to be a precursor to a complete commercial treaty between the two nations.

The French military tribunal has been dissolved and the possession of buildings, including the military prison, handed over to the German authorities.

J. G. A. Creighton, C.M.G., K.C., law clerk of the Senate, dropped dead in the Rideau Club, Ottawa, He was 80. He had occupied his post 45 years, and had also been parliamentary counsel of the Senate since 1909.

On June 27, the King and Queen of Iceland and Denmark, assisted by the Icelandic cabinet, received Canadians and Americans of Icelandic descent, at the foot of the famous Rock of Laws, in Thingvallir Plain.

Two hundred members of the Sons of Freedom, Douthack sect, passed peacefully through Nelson, on their way from Porto Rico, B.C., their home for the past year, to join the main Douthack settlement at Brilliant.

Announcement has been made that the Canadian Holstein Friesian Association will this year pay out \$15,000 in prize money to breeder-exhibitors of Holstein cattle in addition to the amounts paid out by fair boards throughout the Dominion.

The third No. 4 Canadian General Hospital Scholarship, of \$250 in the faculty of medicine at the University of Toronto, has been awarded to D. W. Johnston, Regina, Sask. It is a war memorial scholarship given by the Alumni Federation of the University.

High In Mental Ability

George Bernard Shaw Brainsman In England According To Vote Taken

George Bernard Shaw, according to readers of The Spectator, the well-known London weekly review, possesses the best brains in the country. The Spectator is a journal circulating among the more thoughtful class of people whose opinion is regarded as of great importance in regard to mental ability are worth considering.

The result of the recent vote is interesting in many ways. Here are the leading men in their "order of merit": Bernard Shaw, 214; Oliver Lodge, 183; Lord Birkenhead, 162; Winston Churchill, 95; Dean Inge, 91; H. G. Wells, 86; Lord Melchett, 62; Lloyd George, 60; Philip Snowden, 48; John Simon, 45.

The present prime minister does not receive a vote and Mr. Baldwin gets but 13. The Archbishop of Canterbury, Dr. Lang, finds no place but the Archbishop of York (Dr. Temple), with 32 votes follows closely upon the heels of Lord Reading, who obtained 35. Sir James Barrie is "placed" by 15 votes and follows G. K. Chesterton's 17.

Bred In Western Canada

A great majority of the people have the mistaken idea that the wild duck supply comes from remote northern fastnesses. Most of the ducks ordinarily hunted for game, except the black duck and perhaps the green-winged teal, to a certain extent, are bred in their breeding range. The canvas-backs, red-heads, mallards and scaup, which are shot in Ontario and Quebec in the open season, are bred in Western Canada.

"Don't forget that when you have bought the car you still have the petrol to pay for," says a writer. It's the spirit of the thing that counts.



In Hollywood

"Do you think gentlemen? He's the nicest man I was ever married to,"—Lustige Sacher, Leipzig.

W. N. U. 1846

Experiment a Total Loss

Giant Tube To Convert Gulf Stream To Electrical Energy Collapses

A giant tube built at a cost of more than \$1,000,000 and designed to harness the waters of the Gulf Stream to convert them into electrical energy, collapsed when sunk into the sea near Matanzas, Cuba, and was destroyed.

The tube was designed by Georges Claude, French scientist. It was built of corrugated steel, was 1,800 meters long and required three months to build.

The plan was to place the great tube in a channel on the bottom of the sea to serve as a pipe line from the Gulf Stream to a power plant erected at Professor Claude's laboratory along the gulf shore, near Matanzas. Professor Claude's theory was that the Gulf Stream water, being subjected to vacuum would rise to the boiling point and produce steam sufficient to turn great turbines for generating electrical power.

Beauty and Usefulness

No Reason Why Everyday Things Should Not Be Attractive

The consumer has cause to rejoice over the reunion of beauty with usefulness. Where else if not in the home should such a movement exert its most beneficial influence? There is no reason why beauty, like charity, should not begin at home; why the lamp in the boudoir, the gas range in the kitchen, the wash tray in the library, the automobile in the garage should not be designed and colored by the best artists industry can afford to employ.

This Right into the realm of art which modern business has taken is more than a profitable sales appeal. It is a cultural force, that, if not dissipated in a straining toward extremes, may eventually help to raise the level of popular taste.



(By Anabelle Worthington.)



The feminine influence is apparent in a printed crepe silk with flared cap sleeves and bow necklines.

It is the smartest moulted allover with belted natural waistline. The back is slim and straight.

Circular flared front of skirt provides interesting fullness.

Style No. 3473 comes in sizes 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30 and 32 inches bust.

It's an excellent model for the attractive summer costume, as printed dimity, pique prints, embroidered batiste and printed voile.

Flat silk crepe, dusty-pink shantung, coral-red linen and candy striped silk shirting are attractive selections.

Pattern price 25 cents. Be sure to fill in size of pattern. Address Pattern Department.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 375 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name Town

Monster Inter-Provincial Picnic

Will Celebrate Linking Of Manitoba and Saskatchewan Highways At Gateway On Labor Day

Arrangements are rapidly being pushed forward for the monster Inter-Provincial Picnic, on Labor Day, on the Manitoba-Saskatchewan boundary west of Roblin. An enthusiastic meeting of the representatives of various communities in Manitoba and Saskatchewan sponsoring this celebration met recently at Roblin, and spent a busy afternoon discussing different items in connection with the picnic. The general chairman of the Association, Art Stöck, of Dauphin, kept the boys working hard on their various problems. A welcome visitor on the occasion was "Ace" Emmett, of the Manitoba Motor League, who, in his enthusiasm for anything which makes for development of tourist traffic and good roads, made a special note of Winnipeg to attend the meeting. Following the business session, and spurred by the enthusiasm of H. J. Bowley, the energetic chairman of the group, the committee of the Manitoba section, the meeting adjourned to the picnic grounds in the beautiful Assiniboine Valley, eight miles west of Roblin to view the site chosen for the picnic. At this point Manitoba scenic Highway No. 5 joins Saskatchewan Highway No. 10, all are delighted with the wonderful natural amphitheatre and picnic grounds available through the courtesy of the owners "Bull" Thompson, an old timer of the Roblin district.

At the site chosen for the picnic, which will be of the basket variety, there is a beautiful level meadow bordered by low lying bushes and with the Assiniboine River on the western limit. Rising from the meadow which is on the floor of the Assiniboine Valley, at that point about a mile wide, there is a natural bowl amphitheatre formed out of the banks of the valley, practically free of trees, and ideally suited for accommodating thousands of spectators. A platform can be erected at the base of the hills and speakers can be seen and heard by thousands of spectators. The festivities are slated to start about 11 a.m., when bands from points in Manitoba and Saskatchewan will be presenting a musical programme until the noon hour. Picnic basket lunch will take about one hour, to be followed by a symbolic ceremony to indicate the linking up of the good road highway systems of Manitoba and Saskatchewan.

At that point, Honorable W. R. Clubb, Manitoba Minister of Public Works and Honorable A. C. Stewart, Minister of Highways for Saskatchewan, are expected to function as the chief participants in this symbolic ceremony. Governor Christianson, of Minnesota, and possibly Governor Sorenson, of North Dakota, are expected to be on hand to give the occasion a friendly international flavor.

There will be picnic games, a Buffalo barbecue, where a thousand heads will be broiled if necessary, a sudden death baseball tournament between all star Manitoba and Saskatchewan teams, championship horseback riding contest, children's sports, and many other diversions, entertainments and attractions. Altogether it is freely conceded that a very pleasant time will be had on this occasion.

Hot water and hot dogs will be available on the grounds. And the world is invited to attend.

Many will ask what is this all about? The aims and objects of the Inter-Provincial Association, which is the body set up to handle this picnic, is stated in its literature to be "Organized by its communities and public bodies of Manitoba and Saskatchewan to celebrate in the form of an Inter-Provincial Picnic, on Labor Day, September 1st, 1930, at the Manitoba-Saskatchewan boundary in the Assiniboine River Valley at the junction, near Roblin, Manitoba, of scenic Highway No. 5, with Saskatchewan Highway No. 10; the celebration and linking of all weather roadways systems of Manitoba and Saskatchewan at that point." While the basis of the appeal to the public and especially the motorists to come to celebrate is largely from the standpoint of well founded publicity, there is a strong sentimental urge behind the proposal.

To those who have watched the development of transportation of people and things through the Prairie Provinces from the old Red River ox cart to the present day motor car and motor bus, must come the realization that we in Western Canada stand in the bright light of a new day insofar as transportation over our prairies is concerned. The era of motor transportation is upon us and while we rejoice in its coming, we all have many deeply rooted keen attachments for the old order of things. And so the Inter-Provincial Picnic is conceived as a publicity medium, as a sentimental appeal, and

as a disseminating agent of good will between our Prairie communities and our friends to the south of the U.S.A. border, and as a gathering to evidence the fact that good roads for which we have long struggled have brought distant communities practically to each other's door.

Using Small Seadrome

San Francisco Air Ferry Has Float Anchored At End Of Dock

A seadrome, kind of a platform of suspended mid-air landing places for aeroplanes, has been put in service by a San Francisco bay air ferry service. It is 100 feet wide, and declared to be the smallest floating island landing place in the country. Shaped like an inverted saucer, the landing contrivance has a smooth rounded top and beneath its hull is a system of tanks which may be regulated to control the depth and island landing place in the country. The artificial island idea is carried out with sand on the inclines to prevent the aeroplanes from skidding. The sand is cemented in paint. The float is anchored at the end of a dock where more than 85 landings a day are made, with a similar number of take-offs.

Build Annex To Elevator

Big Grain Storage Elevator At Fort William To Be Enlarged

Erection of a grain storage annex of 1,600,000 bushels capacity to the Fort William terminal elevator of N. M. Paterson and Company is announced by Norman M. Paterson, president, at a cost of approximately \$250,000. Construction will start immediately by the Fegies Construction Company, of Minneapolis, and Fort William. It will be completed and ready for storage by about October 1. Engineers of the Fegies Company will prepare for construction to begin within fortnight.

Regina's Population Increases

Population Is Now Estimated To Be Nearly 67,000

Population of greater Regina is now 66,996 according to figures released by the Regina Board of Trade. The figures represent the population of the city on June 1, it was said.

This figure shows a growth of 4,515 over the previous unofficial figure of 62,481 compiled by Henderson's directories and the Regina Board of Trade, reported for June 1, 1929.

Telegraph Lines In Canada

Latest statistics show over 338,000 miles of telegraph lines in Canada; in addition to which six trans-Atlantic cables have their terminus in Canada, five on the Atlantic and one on the Pacific, and handle nearly 8,000,000 cables annually.

To Prove His Belief

A Polar expedition may be launched by Dr. Knud Rasmussen, noted Arctic explorer, to demonstrate his belief that the Eskimos are related to the neolithic men who inhabited the caves of what is now France and other parts of Europe.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

JULY 15

JACOB, A SELFISH MAN TRANSFORMED

Golden Text: "For what shall a man be profited, if he shall gain the whole world, and forfeit his life? or what shall a man give in exchange for his life?"—Matthew 16:26. Lesson: Genesis 25:19-34; chapters 27-33; 46:28 to 47:12. Devotional Reading: Psalm 107-14.

Explanations and Comments

Jacob Treats His Brother Meant, 25:29-34.—One day Jacob prepared pottage, a dish made of lentils or small beans, and Esau, his brother, coming in faint from the field, begged for it. "Therefore was his name called Edom," "Edom" means "Red"; Esau had red hair and red complexion, and it was red pottage for which he sold his birthright; all of these things combined to give him the name of Edom, and his descendants were called the Edomites.

"Sell me thy birthright," Jacob demanded, taking a morsel of Esau's pottage and hunger. By the birthright he meant the rights and privileges of the first born, which, later, at least, included a double portion of the father's property and succession to the leadership of the family, priestly rites, and in the family of Abraham heirship to the promise of the birthright, as Esau was called only for the gratification of the present moment, could not.

"Behold, I am about to die," Esau exclaimed—he was "tired to death," as we so often say with as little truth as the name of Edom, which Esau did, "right do to me?" Jacob knew that when Esau's hunger was appeased Esau would regret his bargain and break it as readily as he had made it, so he asked Esau to swear solemnly that he would not break it. This was a sharp bargain that Jacob drove, how sharp Esau did not realize, for he was not noble enough to appreciate the birthright's value. He had his bread and pottage and went his way; so he despised his birthright. His birthright was nothing that he could see or eat or drink, and therefore he could not appreciate it.

Canadian Bond Sales

Amount Being Invested In Bonds Speaks Well For Prosperity Of Dominion

The first five months of the present calendar year saw Canadian bond sales total \$292,677,277, as compared with \$228,765,612 for the similar period of 1929, and \$210,585,660 for that of 1928. Two thirds of the whole, or \$214,889,277, were purchased in Canada, while the remainder, amounting to \$77,788,999 were bought in the United States.

Good Even If Old

Students of Ottawa University have been served plum jam which had been buried in the scholastic grounds for twenty-seven years, and they liked it. Forty quarts of the preserves were found buried several feet in the earth by excavators, working on the location of the old kitchen destroyed by fire in 1903.

The front pew in the church may lack the required degree of upholstery, but at least there's no wind-chill to take a header through unexpectedly.

Presentations To Iceland

Interesting Ceremony Concluded At Meeting At Thingvellir

A bronze tablet, bearing the likeness of Thomas H. Johnson, at one time minister of public works and later attorney-general of Manitoba, was unveiled, at Thingvellir, by Hon. W. J. Major and officially presented to Iceland at Manitoba's millennial gift. The tablet, which bears an exact likeness of the first leader to occupy a cabinet position in a Canadian legislature, hangs on the wall of the antechamber in the parliament building. A large number of Canadian Icelanders were in attendance and after Mr. Major's address "O Canada" sounded for the first time in Icelandic legislature halls. The ceremony closed with the Icelandic and British National Anthems.

The gift of the United States was officially presented by Senator Burton and Dr. Sveinbjorn Johnson.

Arni Eggertsson officially presented the resolution passed by the last session of the Canadian parliament, declaring its desire to honor Iceland with a gift which would be most acceptable. The character of the gift will be determined by the recommendation of the Canadian representatives upon their return.

Germany's gift to Iceland on this occasion is complete equipment for a scientific laboratory. For the building, when erected, Sweden presented a library of 800 books; Norway an exchange scholarship fund; Denmark a Copenhagen porcelain vase and bestowed upon the president of the Icelandic Order of Commander of the Legion of Honor; a bronze bust of Vilhjálmur Stefánsson by the Icelandic American sculptress, Nina Samundsdottir, was the gift of the Danish women of America.

There were numerous other gifts and countless illuminated addresses in most elaborate bindings. The celebration officially closed after three wonderful days at Thingvellir.

Good Roads Program

Extensive Mileage In The National Parks Being Built This Year

Good roads are being extended to every part of Canada. In the rural districts of every province there is a network of paved or surfaced roads, which not only are of benefit to the motorist, but to the farmer. In the National Parks of Canada, the great playgrounds of the country, maintained by the Canadian Government, there is an extensive mileage of improved roads. The road building programme in these parks this year is a substantial one and the provincial governments are constructing sections to connect the roads in the parks with the principal provincial highways.

Automatic Letter Box

A Berlin post office has been equipped with automatic letter boxes, and when letters posted in them have reached a certain total weight, they are conveyed automatically on a travelling band to the sorting room.

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REVIEW WORK OF LABOR MINISTRY IN GREAT BRITAIN

London, Eng.—England's second Labor Government has completed a year more than one year in office. In that period it has kept parliament working long hours turning out legislation embodied in a wide social programme.

Protection of the consumer against profiteering, the removal of certain injustices under the Widows Pensions Act, an improvement in the unemployment insurance (dole) scheme, the raising of the school age from 15 to 15 years—with the right to go immediately on the dole, if employment is not readily obtained—the shortening of the miner's working day, and reorganization of the coal industry, are a few of the domestic issues which have been the target for the Labor Government.

In the international sphere there has been a renewal of diplomatic relations with Russia and the signing of a preliminary trade agreement, ratification of the government's signing of the optional clause with the League of Nations, withdrawal of British troops from the Rhineland, a near agreement on the Anglo-Egyptian problem, the reparations settlement at The Hague, and finally the renewal of real friendship with the United States and the subsequent three power agreement for the limitation of naval armaments.

All of these achievements and aims show the first year of the second MacDonald Government to have been one of great activity over a wide range, despite its minority position in parliament which forces the Laborites to depend upon Liberal votes to keep them in power.

Only a vast problem of unemployment and the Indian troubles have not responded fully to the Labor Government's administration.

One suggestion has been made that the government will introduce a bill providing for extra borrowing to the extent of \$100,000,000 as an effort to help the unemployment situation. There is also the suggestion that the number of contributions, now amounting to about \$7.50 over a period of 30 weeks, before an insured person can receive benefit of the dole upon leaving his job, may have to be reduced.

These latter suggestions are, however, political talk, and may not materialize.

Air Service Discussed

British Minister Urges Dominions To Develop Civil Aviation

London, Eng.—The office of the secretary of state for the colonies was one of the busiest spots in London recently, with colonist representatives and officials of the department gathered to hear and discuss the views of Lord Thomson, secretary of state for air.

Dealing with the subject of civil aviation, Lord Thomson urged the colonies to develop light aeroplane clubs and also advocated the establishment of aerodromes under the control of the governments.

Frederick Montague, under-secretary for air, emphasized the importance of recognizing the West Indies as a link between Canada and South America. If there was a possibility of starting a service between Canada and the West Indies it would be an important part of the direct route to South America.

Favor Empire Trade

London, England.—Representatives of leading British banks, including the Bank of England, and Morgan, Grenfell and Company, at a meeting here, passed a resolution in favor of reciprocal trade agreements and an open market between the nations constituting the British Empire. They advocated the placing of duties on all imports from foreign countries.

Announce Promotion

Ottawa.—Promotion of Lieut-Col. W. G. MacFarlane, V.D., to the rank of colonel, to command the Fifth Mounted Brigade of Calgary, Alberta, was announced recently at the Department of National Defence. He succeeds Col. H. C. A. Hervey, V.G.M.D., who has been transferred to the reserve of officers.

Tenders Received

Ottawa, Ont.—Tenders have been received for the construction of additions to the government elevators at Moose Jaw and Saskatoon. The names of the successful tenderers for the contracts will not be made public by the Department of Trade and Commerce until an order-in-council ratifying the awards has been passed.

W. N. U. 1845

Diamond Jubilee Celebration

Great Interest Shown In Event To Be Held In Manitoba on July 15

Winnipeg, Man.—One of the most interesting features of the Diamond Jubilee celebrations to be held throughout Manitoba on July 15, will be the social re-unions among the early settlers. There will be general recognition of the fact that this province would never have amounted to much if it had not been for the efforts of the men and women who came first. Appropriately enough these men and women, or at least those of them who are taking part in the celebrations, will "come first" in public esteem. They will be honored according to their merit; which means that everyone will be a witness to their achievements.

Some of the towns and villages are making a feature of the "coming home" idea, and there is much to be said for that phase of the demonstration. If all the Manitoba people who left to make their homes in other parts of the world were to come back for the "doling" on July 15, a new and brighter chapter in our history would be written. As many as do come back will arouse enthusiasm of a special sort. Manitoba men and women carry with them wherever they go the distinct stamp of their satisfactory experiences in the province, and their welcome back will include more than the usual courtesy of western hospitality which is a theme for poets and writers. In addition to the rejoicing over our material advancement there will be the wholehearted gratification at meeting once more those who were largely responsible for that advancement.

It is a moot question whether the men and women of today have the same "stout" that was apparent in the pioneers. A well-known western politician whose name is almost a household word in thousands of homes on the prairies, uses an intense brand of emphasis—his long suit—in declaring that this age is soft and spineless.

He points out how many and how long were the struggles of the early settlers, and there is no doubt that he knows what he is talking about, for he was one of them. The debate will not be decided this year; discussion is likely to be carried on until the "discussers" run out of material. A diplomatic judgment on the matter would be to say that a great deal to be said on both sides. The men and women of the 60's and 70's—the real pioneers—undoubtedly faced and overcame great hardships. Their resources—except determination and intelligent application, were few, while their difficulties and disappointments were numerous. Their spirit carried them through and helped them to establish a new civilization on the banks of the Red River.

Saskatchewan's Coal Production Higher

But All Canadian Output This Year Shows Decrease

Ottawa, Ont.—Coal mined in Canada during the first quarter of 1930 amounted to 3,871,800 tons, a decrease of 14 per cent from the output of 4,622,728 tons for the first three months in 1929. Compared with the first quarter five-year average, there was a decrease of approximately two per cent during the period under review. Bituminous coal produced during January, February, and March, totalled 2,704,147 tons, sub-bituminous 167,612 tons, and lignite 1,000,040 tons. Saskatchewan was the only province to record an increase in output over the first quarter of last year. Figures were published at the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Alberta's output of 1,639,324 tons was 41 per cent of the total Canadian production and recorded a decrease of 9.5 per cent. From the first quarter five-year average, Nova Scotia's total of 1,513,415 tons and Saskatchewan's total of 174,531 tons were respectively, 11 per cent, and 17 per cent higher than the quarterly five-year average. British Columbia mines produced 981,850 tons, a decrease of 14 per cent from the 1925-1929 first-quarter average. New Brunswick's production was slightly higher than the five-year average.

Discuss Indian Situation

London, Eng.—Leaders of all British political parties conferred recently on the situation in India. It is understood they were mainly concerned with preliminary arrangements for the India Conference, in London, next October. No statement was issued.

Train Wreck In Russia

Moscow, Russia.—Twenty-two persons were killed and 25 injured in the terrible smashup of a train near Leningrad. The accident followed the switching of a passenger train onto the wrong track.

Start Thirty-Five Day Tour

Treaty Money Carried To Northern Indians By Plane

Ottawa, Ont.—Carrying \$25,000 in treaty money to the Indians of the far north, two cabin monoplane, piloted by officers of the Department of National Defence, took off July 2, from Rockliffe Aerodrome. The planes will take H. N. Awrey, of the Department of Indian Affairs and W. B. Cain, Deputy Minister of the Ontario Department of Lands and Forests, on a 35-day tour of the North to carry out their duties as Dominion and Provincial Commissioners of Indian treaty number 9.

Valuable Discovery

Flin Flin Lake Bed Said To Be Rich In Gold

The Pas, Man.—Copper mineralization carrying high values of gold has been found on the bed of Flin Flin Lake, recently drained, according to a statement issued by R. E. Phelps, vice-president of the Hudson Bay Mining and Smelting Company. Extent of the mineralization is not known, it is stated, but exploration work is going ahead.

No definite date has been set for start of production at the mine, it was announced.

Kingsford-Smith Honored

Given Rank Of Wing Commander By Australian Government

Canberra, Australia.—Announcement has been made in the House of Representatives that Squadron Leader Kingsford-Smith had been promoted to the rank of wing commander in recognition of his westward trans-Atlantic flight.

Premier Scullion said that the government was anxious to give him some greater honor to mark his achievement, but that the conferring of titles clashed with Labor policies.

HOUSE OF LORDS HAS APPROVED RESOURCES ACT

London, Eng.—The British North America Bill, an amendment to the British North America Act embodying the agreements entered into between the Canadian government and the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, for the return of the natural resources to those provinces, as well as the agreement for the return of certain crown lands to British Columbia, passed through all stages of the House of Lords without opposition.

The British Government is hastening passage of the bill in view of the celebration of the 60th anniversary of Manitoba's entry into confederation on July 15 next.

In moving passage of the bill, Lord Parmoor, Lord President of the council, explained the bill was merely intended to place the young provinces of Canada on the same footing as the older ones. Lord Parmoor said he wished to convey the government's very best wishes to the Province of Manitoba on the forthcoming happy anniversary, expressing the hope that Manitoba would have continued prosperity.

Winnipeg, Man.—Proclamation of a public holiday in Manitoba, July 15, will be made shortly by an order-in-council by the provincial government. The day marks the celebration of the 60th anniversary of Manitoba's entry into Confederation, as well as the date of return of natural resources to the province.

New Canadian National Steamer

Above is shown S.S. Prince Henry, the latest acquisition to the Canadian National fleet on the Pacific Coast. S.S. Prince Henry, which has arrived at Vancouver, is a tribute to the shipbuilders of British Columbia. The vessel is 384 feet in length and is the most modern way. The passenger accommodation, designed for the Pacific Coast tourist traffic, is ultra modern with rooms for 354 first class and 70 second class passengers. The vessel will have a Board of Trade license to carry 1500 day passengers. S.S. Prince Henry is the first of three new ships which will ply between Vancouver and Skegway during the summer months, while her sister ships S.S. Prince Robert and S.S. Prince David will inaugurate a tri-city run between Vancouver, Victoria and Seattle.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSIONER



Mrs. F. B. Reilly, who has been appointed the Saskatchewan Civil Service Commission, is the first woman in Canada to hold such a position. Mrs. Reilly has taken an active part in western public affairs for many years.

Canadians Given

U.S. Citizenship

District Court Of Appeals Reverses Decision Of Lower Court

New York.—Douglas Clyde MacIntosh, theatre professor at Yale, and Marie Averill Bland, Canadian war nurse, both of whom refused to take the oath to bear arms in defence of the United States, won a reversal in the U.S. district court of appeal of the decision of the lower courts which denied them citizenship.

Dr. MacIntosh, applying for citizenship in the federal district court in Connecticut, refused to make the oath because, he said, he would not bear arms if he believed the war to be for an unjust cause.

Miss Bland, who cared for shell-shocked soldiers in France, declared that under no circumstances, would she bear arms in any war. She said she could not do so because she did not believe it would be consistent with Christianity. Miss Bland, the daughter of a Canadian Episcopal clergyman, now lives in New York.

Airplane Crash

Saskatoon Instructor Pilot Narrowly Escapes Death In Accident At Prince Albert

Prince Albert.—D. W. Moir, Saskatoon instructor pilot, narrowly escaped death here when a Moth plane crashed on the exhibition grounds while being demonstrated to directors of the local light aeroplanes club.

Moir was stunting at a low elevation before about 50 persons, and in zooming towards the ground, the tip of the right wing hit the earth, sending the machine plunging up the field at terrific speed. After swerving uncertainly for about 75 feet, the plane turned to the right suddenly and nosed into the ground, throwing the pilot clear.

The impact was heard for a number of blocks, and the plane was badly wrecked. Moir sustained only an ugly gash over the left eye as the souvenir of his miraculous escape from death.

School Board Probe

Vancouver, B.C.—Charges that the city had suffered a loss of \$20,000 through short delivery of supplies to the school-board, and that coal and coke paid for by the board had been delivered to an employee's home were made at a meeting of the select committee of the city council investigating the affairs of the school board. Complete denial of the charges was made by those charged with benefiting from them.

Escapes From Burning Plane

Pilot Lands On Lake and Swims To Shore

Sioux Lookout, Ont.—Al Cheeseman, famed as air pilot on Sir Hubert Wilkins' Antarctic expedition, missed death by only a moment when his plane took fire over northwest Ontario's forest country, according to word reaching here. The flyer, who is planning a flight to Tokyo, brought his burning ship to the surface of a lake, dove into the water and swam to shore, uninjured.

The accident occurred in the vicinity of Millidge, Ont., 40 miles west of Sioux Lookout, on the Canadian National Railway. En route from Sioux Lookout to The Pas, Man., Cheeseman's plane developed engine trouble while he was speeding along at 1,000 feet. As he prepared to bring his pontoon-equipped plane to a landing, the engine started again, back-fired, and the oil on the exhaust pipe ignited.

Flames spread in a flash to the body of the Fairchild machine and Cheeseman noted to a perfect landing on the surface of a nearby lake.

Dates For Musical

Festivals Next Year

So Arranged That Same Judges Will Officiate At Each

Edmonton, Alberta.—Dates for musical festivals in the west in 1931 were arranged at the annual conference of the Western Canada Musical Festivals Association, held in Edmonton. Delegates were present from all parts of western Canada. George Mathieson, of Winnipeg, presided.

Dates for the 1931 festivals are: Manitoba, at Winnipeg, April 20 to May 2; Victoria, May 5 to May 9; Vancouver, May 12 to May 23; Alberta, at Lethbridge, May 25 to May 30, and Saskatchewan, June 1 to June 6.

These dates have been arranged to allow the same judges to officiate at each of the festivals.

Adjudicators appointed were: H. S. Robertson, of Glasgow, Herbert Samuels and H. Plunkett-Green, of London.

Will Recover Bogies

Brookville, Ont.—As the representative of the Minister of Public Works and the Dominion Government, Captain T. D. Caldwell visited the homes of Brookville men who lost their lives in the "J. B. King" drill boat disaster, assuring relatives that the government would do everything humanly possible to bring about recovery of the bodies of the 28 men still missing.

Parachute Jumper Claims Record
Saskatoon.—Charles Collins, of Aurora, Ill., claimed a new world's record for a low parachute drop, when he made a successful landing from an altitude of 800 feet during the Saskatoon meet. Collins also claimed the previous record of 900 feet.

NAVAL TREATY IS CRITICIZED BY EARL BEATTY

London, Eng.—The navy's own viewpoint of London's part in the recent naval conference was communicated by the admiral of the fleet, Earl Beatty, and Lord Jellicoe, war-time sea lord, to the House of Lords in vigorous attacks upon the treaty conclusions.

Earl Beatty, often recognized as Great Britain's most prominent naval figure, assailed the treaty, declaring Great Britain's only nation that made any reduction of disarmament and that the reduction made was so great as to render her impotent and incapable of maintaining control over the various states of her far-flung empire.

They had overlooked the possibility of a necessity for sending warships—possibly a fleet—to India, said the Earl.

Earl Beatty said the London Naval Treaty had resulted in an increase of armament for other countries. The United States' increase being 235,000 tons, Japan's 10 per cent, her strength and France being left without any restriction whatever.

France, the speaker said, already had had three 10,000 ton cruisers, is building three more and has authorized two others, while Italy had built 2, is building 4 and has authorized one.

Admiral Beatty severely criticized the Admiralty for formulating a naval policy that did not take into consideration the possibility, however remote, of a naval attack on the part of the United States.

CROP SEASON IS BACKWARD ON THE PRAIRIES

Ottawa, Ont.—Generally throughout Canada the crop season is backward, and in many of the important agricultural regions moisture has been limiting both stands and growth, according to the weekly crop report issued by the bureau of statistics. Conditions have changed slightly for the better in the prairies, but timely soaking rains will be needed in July.

However, there is still a strong tendency for rainfall to heighten the advantages of crops in Manitoba and the park belt, which have been most favored throughout June, while the specialized wheat-production regions in Central Saskatchewan and Southern Alberta are still receiving enough rainfall to enable them to recover from previous damage by drought and wind and cutworms.

Moisture is needed at present to fill the winter wheat. Cutworm damage, which has been the heaviest for some years, is now confined to scattered late-sown crops. Hail has damaged crops in all three provinces, but is less than usual up to this date. The wheat crop, which was needed more than a week earlier than last year, is now generally more backward. Straw will be short.

Manitoba conditions are still favorable, and good crops are almost assured in most districts. Only the southwest corner ports the need of rain.

Saskatchewan conditions vary greatly, but an improvement is noticed in some of the north and east, while the central and southern districts, more specialized in wheat production, are still complaining of drought. The rains are barely able to keep the crop up to the average promise.

New Ruling Is Welcomed

Bonded Grain In United States May Be Held Over For One Year

New York.—The port of New York authorities recently pointed out that "a serious threat to the grain commerce" of the port of New York has been removed by a new administrative provision in the tariff law permitting Canadian grain to remain in transit one year before exportation.

General concern was manifested by port officials at the new trade order under a ruling in November by the commissioner of customs requiring railroads to dispose of all bonded grain in transit within ninety days after receipt.

Enforcement of this decision, it was felt, would have been ruinous to the grain trade and an accumulation of bonded grain would have been dumped upon the market for export demand. A committee representing the port authority, the produce exchange, trunk line railroads, elevator interests and others, protested to Washington and following conferences with treasury officials enforcement of the ruling was held in abeyance pending legislative action.

Find Radium-Bearing Ores.

Impossible To Estimate Extent Of Deposits In Manitoba

Winnipeg, Man.—Discovery of radium-bearing ores in the area east of Lac Du Bonnet is stated to have been made by employees of the Winnipeg River Tin Company. R. T. Packard, president of the firm, states that uraninite has been traced for more than 100 feet in foldings and that examinations have proved the product strongly radio-active. Owing to irregular nature of the deposits, he says, it is impossible to estimate the extent of the deposits.

New Liquor Board Ruling

Soldiers' Clubs In British Columbia May Sell Beer

Victoria, B.C.—Sale of beer by the Soldiers' Clubs, the most important departure undertaken by the government in the handling of the liquor business since the inauguration of beer by the sales in liquor premises will commence almost immediately.

An order-in-council passed by the cabinet formally allows the liquor board to license Soldiers' Clubs to sell beer under the Liquor Act amendments passed by the legislature in March.

Purchase Wolfe Reikes

London, Eng.—Quebec House, at Westchester, together with the relics of the famous General Wolfe which it contains, has been purchased by a committee headed by Sir Campbell Stuart and will henceforth be held in trust as national property.

Has Always Been Optimistic

Twenty Years Ago Sir Wilfrid Laurier Commented On This Trait Of Western Canada

Just twenty years ago Sir Wilfrid Laurier, during a transcontinental trip, planned which he hoped to visit all the Canadian provinces, and a large number of cities and towns. This plan was carried out in fine style, and as there was no election in sight, the Premier received a warm welcome from all classes. Everywhere, the streets were decorated in his honor, school children paraded, bands played, and enormous audiences gathered at scores of public meetings. Almost all the members of the Cabinet were on the special train at one time or another during the trip, and many members of the Senate and the House of Commons joined the party for short periods.

At the conclusion of the trip Sir Wilfrid made a short speech in Winnipeg at a parting banquet. In this address he said that he found in the four Western provinces a most extraordinary spirit everywhere prevalent among the people, a spirit which not only did not exist in the same measure in the East, but which never had existed in the same measure there. He referred to the remarkable faith in their future entertained by each of the four provinces, each claiming the premier position, and added that as he was completing his auspicious tour, he shared the feelings of Western people, and was not only optimistic, but even enthusiastic.

Twenty years have now passed away. The population of Canada in the meantime has increased about 40 per cent., from 7,000,000 to 10,000,000. The bank deposits which were then approximately \$600,000,000 have increased 150 per cent., and are now over two billion dollars. The life insurance of the country has increased from \$500,000,000 at least 600 per cent. to five billion six hundred million dollars; Canada will pay this year in cash to the life insurance companies far more money than the total amount of the life insurance in force in Canada just twenty years ago. In all this progress Western Canada generally has had its full share. The terrible event of the period was the War, with its loss of lives and of money, and to this little attention is now paid in thinking of the economic position.

Leads In Fur Production

Statistics Published In Leipzig Show Rabbits Come First

Bunny leads all animals of the world as a fur producer, say statistics published in connection with the international fur exposition at Leipzig, Germany.

The humble rabbit yields 200,000,000 pelts annually and next come sheep with 26,000,000, moles with 20,000,000, and muskrats with 16,500,000.

That just as many cats as foxes are slain to provide trimming for women's costumes is shown by the tie of those two animals at 1,750,000. Gradual extinction of a species is indicated by the fact that only 500 chinchilla skins reach world markets each year.

None To Spare

Little Binks had been invited to a party at his girlfriend's house, and during the course of the evening his hostess, trying to make conversation asked him, "And, Mr. Binks, have you an ear for music?"

"Well—er—no, mum," he muttered. "I can't say I have. You see, I have only two—and one's for the telephone, and I use the other as a penwick!"

"Now, Jimmy, can you tell me what we get from the sun, but not from the moon?" asked his teacher.

"Oh, yes, sir!" said Jimmy. "Freckles!"



"Well, I got different opinions with different points of view."—En Holsk Hatt Timma, Gothenburg.

W. N. U. 1945

Cavies From the Prairies

Prairie Fisheries Last Year Had Production Value Of Over Four Million Dollars

So famous have the Prairie provinces of Canada become for the production of wheat and other grains, also a wide variety of farm products, that the diversity of their other natural resources and assets is sometimes apt to be overlooked. The recent official report on the commercial fisheries production of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta for 1928 gives an indication of an important asset probably not very widely known or appreciated. Last year the market value of the fish caught in the inland lakes and waterways of the prairie provinces had a value of \$4,650,280, an increase of over \$480,000 compared with 1927. Of the total Manitoba contributed \$2,745,205, about 97 per cent. Saskatchewan, \$973,571 or about 14 per cent., and Alberta, \$732,214 or approximately 15 per cent.

Whitefish is the principal fish caught and marketed, taking the provinces as a whole, but in Manitoba, pickerel is the leader. Other principal kinds of fish caught for market are tullibee, trout, pike, gold-eyes and saugers. Last year 42,400 pounds of the royal sturgeon from which the delectable caviar comes, were caught, of which 35,300 pounds came from Saskatchewan valued at \$14,120, and 7,100 pounds from Manitoba, valued at \$2,840.

The total number of men engaged in fishing operations in the prairie provinces is about 7,550.

Berlin Doctor Has Theory About Dreams

Says They Are Handy Outlet For Guilty Conscience

According to Dr. Franz Alexander, Berlin psycho-analyst, bad dreams are a handy outlet for a bad conscience. They serve to calm the troubled ego and quiet the guilty conscience in "a decently comfortable" way. It is necessary that an individual with a guilty conscience should suffer and dream after the easiest way of again obtaining normal peace in the ego. The dream, therefore, is an attempt to protect sleep by the aid of hallucinatory processes which are suitable to relieve disturbing tensions. These tensions may have quite different sources such as organic stimuli, unfulfilled or repressed wishes as well as the claims of conscience.

Long Search For Penny

Staff Checked Millions Before Error Was Discovered

An eminent London accountant, who deals with more than \$25,000,000 every week, recently found himself a penny short. He went in search of it. He had added up a stray fly's leg in a column of figures! Was there error of simple addition? Was there a hole in the petty cash drawer? Had some one used a penny stamp and forgotten about it? No. For two days and one night the entire staff battled with these millions, and it was found that a badly-written figure "2" had been mistaken for "3."

Good News For Stamp Collectors

Consideration is being shown by the pay office at Ottawa, for philatelists. Owing to the interest shown by stamp collectors in obtaining postage stamps printed from the original plate it has been found advisable to hold the postage stamp division a sufficient quantity of such stamps so that all Canadian philatelists can obtain some of them.

Place Not Time

A party of actors put up for the night in a primitive village. Next day one of them observed wearily to a colleague, as he rose about noon: "Where does one wash?"

"In the spring," replied the other. "Ladies," said the first, "I said where, not when."

No Better Country

Canada Best Place At Present Says Lord Wellington

"Of all the countries in the world, Canada is the best place to live at the present time."

That is the declaration of Lord Wellington, Governor-General, made in a recent speech at Ottawa, and few men have had an equal travel experience or are better qualified to speak with authority than has our present Governor-General.

No country on earth has a more healthful or bracing climate than that of Canada. In no country on earth are living conditions made easier nor are they, generally, so good.

It is true that in Canada there is much wealth centered in few hands, but at the same time poverty as it is known in the Old Country and on the Continent, is unknown in Canada.

In no other country is there an equal opportunity of making a home for oneself, a livelihood or an equal opportunity of gaining a competence.

In no other country is a man the master of his own destiny to the same extent that he is in Canada. In no other country does he stand on a more equal footing with his fellow man. In no other country can he secure an equal education for the same expenditure of time and money. No country possesses natural wealth and resources and in no country has man an equal chance of taking these to himself. He has neither class or creed nor the accident of birth to contend with in Canada, like the same manner he has to contend with them in other countries.

The opportunities are here and a man's reward is pretty much what his ambition makes it. It is true that at the present time we are having a great deal about hard times, about unemployment, but just now much real truth there is in these stories, one often has cause to wonder. A few days ago a young Englishman made the statement that he had been in this country for two years. He had no friends and no means, yet he had never been without employment during that time. He started in the harvest fields of the West and in the winter he worked in the lumber camps.

The work, he said, was hard, but the pay was good and he could not ask for better treatment than he had received from his employers. He had saved his money and next year he was going to take up land in the Peace River district. And, he concluded, to man who comes to Canada, no matter how little experience or means he may have, need ever fear unemployment, if he is willing to work and work hard.

And we are inclined to agree with this Englishman, Canada is a land of promise, all it needs to make it The Land of Promise is the will to work. Possessing that, will a man whether a native or a stranger, will find it the best place on the globe in which to live.

A Safety-First Aid

Iodine Is Best Antiseptic Treatment In Case Of Slight Accident

Very few people think of carrying ordinary iodine about with them, but now that it is obtainable in a solidified stick, put up in a suitable metal container, motorists, sportsmen and others will wish to possess some. It is quite small and takes up very little space in the bag or pocket, and immediate application, should a slight accident occur, may be the means of preventing blood poisoning as it is one of the most efficacious means for the antiseptic first-aid treatment of wounds and abrasions.

"So you've taken on old Mortimer for better or worse, Mary?"

"No, Bertie. I married him for more or less—that's what a girl does nowadays."

Agriculturists' Tour



Representing a reader circulation of seven million, editors of leading agricultural periodicals in the United States, who are members of the American Agricultural Editors Association, are making a tour of Eastern Canada. Above photograph was taken at the Chateau Frontenac, Quebec City. The editors are visiting the Ancient Capital, the Eastern Townships, the Maritime Province, Ottawa, Toronto and southern Ontario points.

The March Of Progress

Picturesque Horse Thief Replaced By Automobile Sleazebag

There's another institution on its last legs. The passing of an anti-horse thief association marks the last stand of the old-time against progress. As long as there was such an organization in the community he could job as a gesture of loyalty to the past.

The horse is slowly disappearing, but the horse thief is disappearing faster. The horse thief is in fact up against it. The breaks are against him.

And what would he do with it? Mere association with a horse attracts attention to a man today. It is regarded with suspicion. And where could a man who stole a horse put it without arousing curiosity? If he came home with a horse in this day and generation the entire neighborhood would notice it. There would be a big crowd around the horse in no time.

The old-fashioned horse thief was picturesque and had a lot of courage compared to the modern-day automobile thief. Stealing a car involves practically no risk in any big city today. Anybody can get into any one of a thousand cars and drive off with it without anybody noticing it. Stealing a car involves practically no risk in any big city today. Anybody can get into any one of a thousand cars and drive off with it without anybody noticing it. Stealing a car involves practically no risk in any big city today. Anybody can get into any one of a thousand cars and drive off with it without anybody noticing it.

But horse-stealing was something else again. If a man decided to get into the wrong buggy he had to act fast and be ready for shooting. There would be a posse after him before he had whipped the horse out of a lops.

He got no \$5 fine when caught. There was no coddling. They even hanged men for it. If he got off with a jail term he was as good as done for. A man can steal a dozen automobiles and have it overlooked by the time the cylinders begin to skip; but a horse-thief was a horse-thief to the end of his days.—H. I. Phillips.

Writing Names Carelessly

Causes Many Errors As No Guess Is Safe

One of the most fruitful sources of errors in newspaper work is the misinterpretation of people's names. In our peculiar system of nomenclature a name may be almost any combination of letters. Other words written indistinctly can be fairly successfully guessed at but no guess is safe when it comes to names and the most careful examination of a written name is very likely to yield totally erroneous results. Yet in all the copy that comes into the newspaper office there is no class of word that is generally more carelessly written than people's names. The writers are familiar with the name they are writing, but it is unsafe to assume that the typewriter or proofreader is equally so.

Entries From New Brunswick

E. M. Taylor, soils and crops division, Department of Agriculture, Fredericton, in a letter to the headquarters of the 1932 World's Grain Show, says that there will be a number of entries from New Brunswick in the competitive classes. To an committee exhibitors the provincial committee is preparing a memorandum dealing with the production and preparation of seed grain for exhibition purposes.

Again Breaks Record

Homestead entries taken out through the Dominion Land Office at Edmonton during the month of March, broke all records for that month with a total of 277 homesteads and 19 soldier grants, when compared with 230 homesteads in March, 1928, the previous record for March.

Sometimes a pessimist is a man to whom an optimist owes money.

Rawhide Lasso Is Becoming Scarce

Considerable Cows Required To Make Them Properly

Although the modern lasso, or lariat, is of a fine manila silk thread, many cowboys in various parts of the country prefer the original lasso of their predecessors of the range, which was composed of rawhide. The "boys" make these themselves, by a process of tanning which requires considerable technique, and a great deal of care.

After it is well tanned, the outfitman will trim the tanned hide into the shape of a circle. Then he will start at the outside, and cut a quarter-inch strip until he reaches the center. From an average-sized rawhide, he will obtain, by this method, a strip of more than one hundred feet in length.

Several hours are then spent mashing the leather, until it becomes soft and pliable. Four strands are twisted together, the length depending, of course, on the final length of the lariat required, and these are braided.

Each year, these rawhide "ropes" become scarcer, and even now, are very difficult to procure. If they are finally worked and braided, they will last a lifetime.

Planning the Ideal City

Artificial Ventilation and Light Should Never Be Necessary

With the city planning for human functions and activities, the scale of our mechanical operations alters. When street areas are planned in relation to the capacity of buildings, and when sunlight and air are provided for every window, we do away with the necessity for such costly mechanical devices as the double-decked street, or artificial ventilation; when houses are grouped around parks and garden spaces, and designed for thorough ventilation and sunlight for every room, the necessity for expensive substitutes like artificial sunlight is removed; when the telephone and the radio are employed, social intercourse is just as close in an open network of communication as in a congested metropolis; when giant-power provides the power line, and our motor roads the means of transportation, our factories are no longer chained to the railroad siding or the terminal.

Food For Thought

University Professors Are Said To Require Only Small Quantity

According to Dr. Francis Benedict, of the National Laboratory of the Carnegie Institute, "half a peanut, or a biscuit, supplies all the brain food a university professor needs for an hour of continuous thought." This, of course, says the Manchester Guardian, explains why university professors are rarely found on fair grounds and competing in those feats of skill or strength where the prize is usually a cigar (complete with band), or, alternatively, a bag of nuts. The reckless presentation of so much food for thought might result in spontaneous combustion—the unfortunate professor might go off like a tin of petrol, consumed by the fearful energy of his own mental processes.

Knowledge Is Limited

Average Person Does Not Realize How Little They Know

How wise we are, how wise we be. We have an idea that we know a great deal about this language of ours, yet half an hour's tete-a-tete with a dictionary will show most of us that we know very little.

For instance, how would you pronounce coupon, combative, lamentable, grimace, jugular, conversant, address and inquiry? Easy? Look them up. If you have six out of the eight correct, you'll be far above the average—and these are very simple little words, used by all of us.

A Real Diplomat

That a certain young man is wise beyond his years was proved when he paused before answering a widow who had asked him to guess her age. "You must have some idea," she said.

"I have several ideas," said the young man, with a smile. "The only trouble is that I hesitate whether to make you ten years younger on account of your looks or ten years older on account of your brains."

Mrs. Hilggs (with superior air): And don't forget, my husband saw better days when I married him.

Mrs. Briggs (with deep meaning): I'll bet he did, too!

Mother: "Johnny, if you eat more cake, you'll burst."

Johnny: "Well, pass the cake and get out the way."

Information For Pessimists

List Of Canadian Experts Will Astonish Many People

It would be an education to themselves if some of that small band of Canadians who seem to labor under an inferiority complex would make a few enquiries about the position this country occupies among the great trading nations of the world. Do they know, for instance, that Canada ships:

Potatoes to Brazil.
Macaroni to China.
Razors to Denmark.
Pure seed to Russia.
Eggs to Buenos Aires.
Jerseys to Mississippi.
Muskrats to Germany.
Newspapers to Australia.
Alberia wool to Japan.
Onions to New Zealand.
Rags to Czechoslovakia.
Wood pulp to the Orient.
Eased and hams to Japan.
Honey to the Netherlands.
Jersey heifers to Shanghai.
Sewing machines to Uruguay.
Railway ties to the Sudan.
Soap to the Irish Free State.
Tobacco to South America.
Foxes and lobsters to Sweden.
Motor cars to Iraq and Egypt.
Rye to Norway; rice to Japan.
Zinc and asbestos to Germany.
Codfish to Portugal and Spain.
Potatoes to Argentina and Cuba.
Silver and artificial silk to India.
Cotton and copper wire to Brazil.
Agricultural implements to Chile.
Wheat to India; herring to China.
Pure bred cattle to South America.
Aluminum and wood pulp to Italy.
Oats and nickel to the Netherlands.
Rubber manufacturers to Argentina.
Cheese and furniture to South Africa.
New Brunswick sardines to Australia.
Canadian wool to Japan mills for tests.
Live mink, salmon and furs to France.
British Columbia wharves' teeth to Japan.
Cottonwood to China; henlock to Japan.
British Columbia apples to many countries.
British Columbia cattle and hogs to Australia.
Manitoba pure-bred stock to New South Wales—Victoria, S.C. Times.

Africans Enjoy Shakespeare

Translated Works Are Making A Hit With The Natives

Shakespeare, as being translated into Bechuanaland, a native journalist of Bechuanaland, South Africa, and the idea is making a hit among the natives, who are greatly interested in the sayings of the Bard. "Let me have man about me that are fat," is an expression of opinion which they heartily endorse, for all tribes believe that chiefs and other leaders should always be distinguished from ordinary people by their imposing physique. One of the passages which they particularly appreciate is "When beggars die there are no comets seen; the heavens themselves blacken with the death of princes." For the native tradition has always held notable events such as the birth or death of a ruler or brave warrior in the appearance of comets, meteors, and similar phenomena.

New Equipment For Firemen

Firemen of Berlin, Germany, may go into burning buildings with a covering of water released from the top of their helmets. If a new invention, recently tested by the department, is adopted. The helmet spray consists of a nozzle-like device which throws water in a circular direction from the top of the headpiece.

A bat, with its eyes taped shut, can fly about a room criss-crossed by wire and never touch one.



"Very well, but see that you bring it back to me."—Moustique, Charleroi.



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and the day is brightened when
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Its sugar pepes you up. Its
delicious flavor adds to any
enjoyment.

A few cent package
is safety insurance



Doublemint
Menthol
Peppermint

Aids
digestion, food

**SILVER
RIBBONS**

BY
CHRISTINE WHITING
PARMENTER

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CHAPTER XIX.—Continued

Charman nodded, took the scrap of paper and studied it. He was holding, and wrote it down.

"I never was much good at remembering addresses," declared the doctor. "Here it is, Annie. Run in quickly, or you'll be late."

The small girl who had followed him from the house, grasped the paper in her cold hands, and with a shy smile for Charman, scurried away like a half-frightened animal.

"They must be very poor," said Charman as the doctor took his place beside her. "What does that woman want with Jimmy's address?"

She was thinking: "Could it be possible that Jim was still collecting interest, at this distance? The thought hurt incredibly. For the sake of old days and her peace of mind, she wanted to think better of him than that. But how could she if . . ."

She turned to look at the old doctor. He seemed to have read her thoughts as he responded: "There is a verse in the Bible, Charman, that says: 'When thou dost alms, let thy left hand know what thy right hand doeth.' That describes as well as anything could, I think, Jim Bennett's character. Seeing him going about the country on the bank's business 'the best man for the job' they've ever had, according to George K., one wouldn't suspect that he was wearing the mantle of the Good Samaritan, now would they?"

"I—I don't seem to understand."

The doctor smiled at her bewilderment.

"Why should you? If I didn't follow pretty closely on Jim's heels, I wouldn't understand, myself. Like as not he'd pound the life out of me for telling; but that doesn't scare me—with the boy three thousand miles away! You see, my dear, Jim's father left considerable property. Jim came into his share at twenty-one, and he earns a good salary at the bank. He's well fixed—for Wickfield. No tie save his mother, and she's provided for."

The old man paused, while Charman urged impatiently: "Go on, please, Doctor. You're wandering all 'round Robin Hood's barn. You say that Jim is a good Samaritan; but if collecting interest, from windows and orphanages—"

"Tut! tut!" broke in the doctor quickly. "You go too fast. I think you'll admit that there's a difference in collecting interest from the poor, my child, and paying that interest for them—lending a hand—helping a lame dog over a stile, you know—lending one's own money with no interest. That's what our Jim's been doing for five years whenever he came across a case deserving it. The woman wanted his address so she could send a Christmas card."

"Oh, no!" cried Charman.

This was, the doctor understood, not a protest at the Christmas card, but at her own blindness. She had to

set her firm white teeth into her lip in order to keep it steady. "I must have hurt him horribly," she confessed after a tense moment. "I was a fool! I didn't see. I asked if he felt like—like Shylock!"

There came a silence; then the doctor said: "Yes—that would have hurt."

"He should have told me," cried Charman, grasping at this straw in self-defense.

"How could he—being Jim? You had misjudged him," responded the old man with rugged honesty.

"I shall never, never forgive myself," she ventured to answer passionately.

The doctor smiled.

"Perhaps not; but Jim will forgive you, child, if I know him as I think I do. There! Charman, don't be too much disturbed. Just drop the lead a line and say you understand."

"But will he understand?" asked the girl, raising unhappy eyes to her old friend. "I should think he'd despise me."

"No, Jim!" answered the doctor. "Come, child, cheer up. We're almost home, and I don't want Grandma to think that I've been scolding you."

Charman managed a misty smile as he replied: "I deserve worse than a scolding. I—I ought to be—lynched!" And they both laughed as they drew up before the window where Grandma was waiting.

"So you've had a ride?" she asked as the girl came in. "Were you warm enough? It's a terribly cold day. The doctor's run in three times from the office to look at the furnace. I wish I was young enough to marry that fellow, just to keep him in the family! Some one'll get him."

"Undoubtedly."

Charman smiled, but as she slipped off her coat and sought the register for warmth, her recent conversation on the subject of John Carter came back, and her color deepened.

"Yes, I was warm enough, Grandma, thanks to Doctor Howe's 'old faithfulness,' as Jim calls that ancient cape. We went to South Wickfield while he made a call."

"Who on?" asked Grandma with ready interest. "The real sick season's just beginning."

"The Smithsons. The mother has the grippe, but she's on the mend."

"Poor soul!" murmured Grandma compassionately. "She must have a real hard time making both ends meet. You ought to carry her something good to eat, child, while she's laid up. I don't suppose there's any one to do for her but Edward Howe, though she won't have to worry about her doctor's bill. Sometimes I've wondered how she's managed to keep a roof over her head, left as she was with all those children."

"I'll tell you how," said Charman, and proceeded to divulge Jim's secret. Her voice trembled as she finished, not without to spare herself. "And I asked him, Grandma, if he didn't feel like Shylock! I remembered he answered, 'Why on earth should I?'—and that made me mad. Oh, I do think I'm the stupidest girl in the whole world! It does seem, when I've known Jim Bennett all my life, as if I might have understood that he wouldn't be hard-hearted to—to a sick child!"

She had sunk down on a hassock at Grandma's feet, and the old lady reached out and stroked her hair.

"There, dearie, chin! Don't you do a bridge. You just write him a real nice letter and say you're sorry. And that reminds me of something else. Jim was here one day when you were out. He wanted I should make you understand something after he got away, and the only times I've thought of it were when you were at school, or evenings when the doctor was in and I couldn't speak. It was about his mother and that apron-string business that's always bothered you. He said he'd tried to explain to you, but somehow he couldn't get it out, so he came to me. I guess maybe it's easier to talk to old folks. You see, dearie . . ."

The girl looked up, breathless, as Grandma, finishing Jim's story, said: "It taught me a lesson; but if I forget myself, Charman, and ask any promises of you when my time comes, it'll be because I don't know what I'm doing, and you mustn't feel called upon to keep 'em. James Bennett never meant for Jim to be a doctor. His mother's the way he has been. I told him so, and I think it made the boy feel happier. Anyhow, he said I did him a sight of good. I've an idea that Jimmy's a lot more sensitive

than folks give him credit for being."

"I—I don't see why he finds it so difficult to talk to me," said Charman, a vague hurt tugging at her heart.

"I do," replied Grandma. "It's for two reasons. One's because he felt you didn't understand him; and the other's because he cares such a heap more for you, dearie, than you've ever cared for him. I declare, Charman, so long as you don't seem to want the boy yourself, I hope he'll meet some real nice girl out in California, and marry her. He'll look different to a girl who hasn't seen him in short pants' days, walking barefoot in Fuller's brook, and his toes tied up afterwards in rags because he's stepped on a broken bottle or something—more romantic maybe."

A reluctant laugh escaped the girl as she arose.

"Well, Grandma, I feel like a criminal; but I suppose we've got to eat. Thank goodness it's been night all day. Everything's ready. You and John will have to play double Canfield this evening instead of bridge. I've got to write to Jim, or I shan't be able to sleep a wink. I feel," she added, turning to the door, "I feel just about one inch high!"

CHAPTER XX.

What ails our 'Blessed Damozel' these days?"

Grandma and the young doctor were eating their noon-day meal at the kitchen table. Christmas had come and gone, and Wickfield had settled down to the cold, hard, relentless winter months. For the weeks' snow had fallen at frequent intervals, freezing almost as soon as it reached the ground, so that the roads and sidewalks were packed with ice. Despite the cold, they might say that way till spring because the walk to school was so much easier on the hard snow than through the slush and mud that accompanied warmer days.

John Carter's question, therefore, came as a relief, giving her an opportunity to speak her thoughts. Yet she smiled at his manner of putting it, though the young M.D. had addressed her granddaughter in a like manner many times since a day in August when he had driven into the yard to find her leaning from his own bedroom window, the sun making an aureole of her hair. He had stopped the car directly below her, and stared up in admiration as he said:

"You look like the blessed damozel."

"Her eyes were deeper than the depths."

Of waters stilled at even;

She had three lilacs in her hand, And the stars in her hair were seven."

"Did you do it purposely?"

Charman, still leaning on the window sill, glanced down at the golden lilacs in her hand, and answered: "Not guilty. As you perceive, I have had a shampoo. I went into the garden to let the sun lend a hand at the drying, and picked these posies for my bedside table. This accounts for my invasion of your domain; but your imagination is vivid, Doctor John. Where, please, are the seven stars to adorn my hair?"

(To Be Continued.)

Deeds to Great Depth

A new deep-sea diving record is claimed for William Beebe, of the New York Zoological Society's oceanographic expedition, who descended 800 feet beneath the sea's surface at Hamilton, Bermuda, in a steel ball with fused quartz windows.

The lowest depth previously attained was 325 feet. The steel sphere contained an oxygen supply and was fitted with apparatus for absorbing the exhaled air.

The world's population is now estimated at more than two billion, Asia having over half of this total.

One Paris hotel will run an airplane taxi service for its guests.

Minard's Liniment for All Strains.

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In Class By Herself

University of Montreal Graduates
First Woman Doctor With
Honors

The first woman to be enrolled in the faculty of medicine of the University of Montreal, affirmed her primacy by out-distancing all her male conferees, and carrying off the highest honors of her class, when she received her degree as a doctor at the convention: She was literally in a class by herself, since the list was headed "Class A—Miss Martha Pelland, with highest distinction."

Her name standing alone in this category. With true chivalry, her class mates gave her a rousing ovation when she was called up to receive her degree.

In the same year as Dr. Pelland began her course in medicine, a friend, Miss Juliette Gauthier, enrolled at the University of Montreal, as a law student. Miss Gauthier, who had an excellent record as a student, received the University degree of LL.B. Although in academic real, they enjoyed equal status, their position now is another story. Dr. Pelland may, and proposes to practice her profession, which she is entitled to do, without restriction, but her conferees, Miss Gauthier, will be obliged to rest on her University laurels until the long battle to have women admitted to the Bar in Quebec, is won.

Care Of The Eyes

Some Rules Which If Followed Will
Keep Them In Good Shape

Avoid very sudden changes from dark to light.

Avoid use of eye stimulants and drugs which affect the nervous system.

Avoid reading when lying down or when mentally or physically exhausted.

When eyes feel tired rest them by looking at objects a long way off.

Pay special attention to the hygiene of the body.

Up to forty years bathe the eyes twice daily with water.

After fifty, bathe them night and morning in very hot water, then with cold water.

Old people should avoid reading much by artificial light, should be careful about diet and late hours.

Muscular Rheumatism Subdued.

When one is a sufferer from muscular rheumatism he cannot do better than to have the region rubbed with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Let this rubbing be brisk and continue until ease is secured. There is no virtue in a liniment if it than can be fully estimated.

Germany's Monster Land Plane

Germany's largest land plane, the C-38, perhaps the monster aeroplane of the world, landed in Paris recently. Eighteen passengers were on the aeroplane, which can carry forty-five. It is made entirely of metal, has 2,400 horsepower, a wingspread of 150 feet, weighs 24 tons at full load, and can cruise 2,000 miles.

Combs used by the ancient Egyptians were made of bone, ivory or wood.

In Holland there is a river called "Y." In China is a city called "U," and in Sweden a town called "M."

Will Be Preserved

Grave Of Original Of Immortal "Uncle Tom" Disclosed By Wood Inspector

The weed-covered monument over the grave at Dresden, Ontario, of Rev. Josiah Henson, the original of Harriet Beecher Stowe's immortal "Uncle Tom," has been discovered by government weed inspectors. It was stated at the Provincial Department of Highways, Toronto. This relic of the past will be marked in some suitable manner for the benefit of American tourists and students of history.

Rev. Josiah Henson was born July 5, 1789, and died May 5, 1883, at the age of 93 years 10 months and five days, according to the inscription on the monument.

Metallized Paper

M. U. Schoop, of Zurich, Switzerland, has announced that he has developed paper money which will not burn, tear or wear out. His process is described as spraying paper pulp with a protective coating of tin, aluminum or copper. The metallized back notes are hard-surfaced but are said to be pliable and easily handled.

The cheapness of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator puts it within reach of all, and it can be got at any drugist's.

Among the few creatures that may live to be more than a century old, are listed the giant tortoise, the eagle, parrot, raven, the German carp, the white-headed culture.

Minard's Liniment checks Colds at once.

W. N. U. 1845

Picture of Health Now

"In May and June I was badly run down and had faint spells until it was a drag to do my work. In July and August I didn't seem to pick up so I decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound because I saw it advertised. I took two bottles and now I am the picture of health. I feel fine, do all my work and milk two cows. If any woman worries, I will certainly answer her letter."—Mrs. George R. Gillespie, Punnichy, Saskatchewan.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

W. N. U. 1845

For Young and Old Alike

ENO'S is so mild it can safely be given to any child, yet it is quite as effective for grown-ups, eliminating the systems of young and old alike the clogging waste and poisons which cause intestinal absorption . . . unsuspected constipation . . . Refuse substitutes.

ENO'S FRUIT SALT

Drifting Bottles

Mariners Trying To Ascertain How Far Bottles May Drift In the Ocean

How far bottles may drift in the ocean is a question for which mariners have recently been trying to obtain a satisfactory answer. Two unusually long drifting records have already been reported to the hydrographic office in Washington. In each case the bottle had travelled nearly one-third the distance around the world, or a little more than 7,000 miles.

One bottle, thrown overboard in the North Atlantic near Europe by an officer of the Norwegian steamer "Childar," was picked up near the Marshall Islands. The second, dropped in the same locality from the American steamship "K. R. Kingsbury," drifted 7,000 miles.

The longest bottle drift in the records of the office was made about twenty years ago. A bottle was thrown into the sea on May 31, 1909, and was picked up again nearly three years later on May 19, 1912, after travelling 11,870 statute miles.

Stands Every Test

No Food Has Been Found To Take Place Of MILK

Milk is the food of all foods for mammals—of whom man is the chief. Further, it is the only food actually designed and evolved by nature to be food for them. It is, of course, merely lack of knowledge to regard man as not a food because it flows as a liquid. In reality, it is solid in the breast and in the stomach; in nature it is only fluid for a second or two of convenient transit from one to the other.

Ordinarily we do not test our foods. Our diet is mixed, and we have a large factor of safety capital on which to draw during times of deficiency. There are four periods, however, during which food may really be tested; growth, athletic exercise, illness, and old age. And no other food can be suggested which remotely approaches milk when tested under these four conditions.

Water Shrinkage and Ducks

The water shrinkage in ponds, prairie sloughs and shallow lakes in Alberta and Saskatchewan last year amounted to about 90 per cent, and consequently ducks had a very poor year in these provinces.

A clock in an observatory at Sydney, Australia, is operated by sunlight.

Pure affection is a sentiment free from any taint of any kind, and is as rare as pure charity.

The first Chinese who studied medicine abroad received his medical degree in Edinburgh in 1854.

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DENTIST

Dr. HARVEY D. DUNCAN,
218A, 5th Ave. W., opposite Palace
Theatre, Calgary.

Mr. J. A. HARRY MILLICAN

of the firm of Millikan & Millikan, Bar-
risters, Solicitors and Notaries, 900 Lan-
caster Building, Calgary, will be at Trei-
away & Springstren's office, Crossfield on
Saturday of each week for the general
practice of the law.

MONEY TO LEND

PHONE 3

Council Meetings

The council of the village of Crossfield will
meet in the Office of the Secretary Treas-
urer on the first Monday of each month
commencing with February at the hour
8 o'clock p.m.

By Order of the Village Council,
W. McTernan, Sec.-Treas.

W. K. GIBSON INSURANCE

ALL KINDS

Loans Phone 68 Real Estate
Crossfield, Alberta

DENTIST

Dr. J. Milton Warren
Will be in Crossfield on Saturday of
each week at the Oliver Hotel
Also at Carstairs every Monday

Walter Major

Contractor and Builder
Estimates Given Plans Prepared
Alterations a Specialty.
Box 84 Crossfield

All Kinds of TINSMITHING WORK

Neatly, Cheaply and Efficiently
Done.

Repair Work will receive
immediate attention.

J. L. McRory

Crossfield Alberta

Classified Advertisements

GOOD PASTURE and water for 70 head
of stock. Apply
V. BERLINER, Crossfield

FOR SALE—A large quantity of New
Rye. Apply to
I. W. FIFE, Crossfield

73B Phone 1710

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Young Short
horn Bull. Apply to
THOS. FITZGERALD, Phone 315

PASTURE TO RENT—Will rent or take
stock by the month; plenty of water
and shade. Phone 1010
L. B. BEDDOES, Crossfield

PASTURE—Good pasture for horses
and cattle; good feed and shelter, run-
ning water. Apply to J. VERKUIJ
Box 241, Crossfield

LOST—Auto license plate, No. 51-157,
between Crossfield and 9 miles West.
Finder will please leave at Chronicle
office or phone R606.

FOR SALE—Improved Duroc Jersey
8 weeks \$12, papers \$1.00 extra.
ROSS R. WILLIAMSON
6-10-41 Crossfield

Marcel Haircut

Having had three years experi-
ence, I guarantee my work to be
first class.

Ladies' Spring Suits and Coat Dry
Cleaned and Pressed. Prices right.

Mr. G. Gazeley

Rosebud Pancake Flour
Easy to Make. Delicious to Eat.
No indigestion when eaten.

GET IT AT YOUR GROCERS

Rosebud Flour Mills Co. Ltd.
Didsbury

J. B. HAGSTROM

Boot and Shoe Repairer
Call and get a Real Shoes Shine
Give me a Trial.
North of Service Garage.

Gabaras Rheumatism

Remedy
(Anti Arthritis)

Fully 90 per cent of test cases com-
pletely cured. A sure quick relief
for rheumatic sufferers.

Book of testimonials mailed on request
J. DEMERS, Agent

The Crossfield Chronicle

ESTABLISHED 1907
Published at Crossfield, Alberta
W. H. Miller, Manager and Editor
Subscription \$1.50 Per Year
U.S.A. Points \$2.00

Local advertising
Monthly Contract 25c. per inch.

All advertisement changes of copy
must be in hands of printers by noon on
Tuesday or no change made or advertise-
ments cancelled.

THURSDAY, JULY 10, 1930

Teachers Go The Country

The teachers of the Crossfield
school are strong believers in the
back to the land movement, at
least they are all spending their
holidays out in the country.

Miss Gladys Methal will holi-
day at the Spruce Grove Farm;

Miss Alice Collicutt is to be found
at the Willow Springs Ranch;

Miss Christie Robertson will enjoy
life at the A C Ranch; Principal

Hay, is out at the Lake View
Ranch, and we are informed he

will don a pair of overalls and
help George Murdoch in the hay
field.

Food Demonstration

Well Attended

The food demonstration con-
ducted by Miss Goodall in the
Masonic Hall on June 27-28-30,
under the auspices of the Floral
U.F.W.A. and Crossfield W. I.
was well attended and greatly ap-
preciated.

Miss Goodall made a number
of attractive hot weather dishes,
including salads, desserts, etc.,
and explained the value of the
different foods. At the close of
the demonstration on Monday

afternoon the W. I. served tea,
when a very pleasant social hour
was enjoyed.

To Improve Main Street

At the regular meeting of the
Village Council held on Monday
night, it was decided to call for
tenders for the painting of the
fire hall. Gravel is to be put on
the Main Street, from the south
crossing to the U. F. A. Store at
a cost of \$300. The gravel will
be hauled in from the east pit and
work commenced this week.

An extra gang arrived here the
first of the week and now putting
down the steel on the new branch
way south of town. With the
shortage of trackage in the yard
here, it was necessary to put in
the wye this year to accommo-
date the carloads of material re-
quired for the new branch line.

Jackie Williams, son of Mr.
and Mrs. J. M. Williams, under-
went an operation to have his
tonsils removed at the General
Hospital, Calgary, on Friday
morning, July 4th. Following the
operation Jack was critically ill,
but took a turn for the better on
Friday night and had improved
enough to be removed to his
home here on Sunday.

The wild rose became the offi-
cial floral emblem of Alberta on
Dominion Day.

MARCELLING

Esther Devins has resumed busi-
ness next door to the phone office.
Make appointments either there
or at the post office.

Church of the Ascension

Sunday, July 13th at 11 a.m., Mm-
tins and Holy Communion.
Preacher, Rev. Canon Gale.

NOTICE

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that
the Canadian Pacific Railway did, on
the 12th day of June, A. D. 1930, depos-
it in the Calgary Land Titles Office of
No. Ry. 1279, plan, profile and book
of reference showing portion of propo-
sed branch line from Crossfield North-
westerly from a point in Section 23,
Township 28, Range 1, West of the 5th
Meridian to the north limit of Section
8, Township 31, Range 3, West of the 5th
Meridian, Province of Alberta, AS LO-
CATED, Mile 1.90 to Mile 38.19.

Dated at Winnipeg,
This 16th day of June, A. D. 1930
P. McPHERSON,
Right of Way and Tax Agent,
Canadian Pacific Railway,
Winnipeg, Manitoba

Local and General

Mrs. F. Baker and son Arthur,
are spending the week in Calgary.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Bills were vis-
itors in Calgary on Sunday night.

Miss Pearl Plumb left on Sat-
urday to spend a months holiday
visiting at Lamond, Alta.

Frank Demers is in charge of
the dray business during Miles
Fike's absence.

Mr. Leslie Farr, of Airdrie, is
holidaying in Toronto and other
Eastern cities.

Mr. and Mrs. Miles Fike left
on Sunday morning on an auto
trip to Tacoma, Wash. and other
Coast points.

J. R. Gilchrist and P. Mique-
lon attended the Premier King
meeting in Calgary on Thursday
last.

Mrs. Griffiths of Crossfield won
second in Class 333, bread, open
to Alberta, at the Calgary Exhi-
bition.

Adam Cruickshank, Olaf Kol-
stand and sons of Airdrie, left on
Monday on a fishing trip to Clear-
water Lake.

Miss Angeline McNally, R. N.
who has been visiting her parents,
Mr. and Mrs. E. L. McNally, re-
turned to Edmonton on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. T. G. Sefton and
son George of Calgary, motored to
Sylvian Lake and Gull Lake on
Sunday.

Dr. Stanley, Conservate candi-
date for East Calgary, will ad-
dress a public meeting in the U.
F. A. hall on Monday night, July
21 at 8.30 o'clock.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children
left on Tuesday morning for Van-
couver, B. C. where they will
visit friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Miller left on
Friday for their annual vacation
during which period the Bank of
Commerce here will be under the
guidance of accountant J. S. Win-
ning.

P. Griffiths of the U. F. A. Store
is on his holidays this week. Mr.
and Mrs. Griffiths and children
are visiting in Calgary for the
week and are taking in the Exhi-
bition and Stampede.

Mr. Irvin Stauffer, and daugh-
ters Kay and Irene, who have been
visiting their relatives Wm. Stauff-
er and family, have left for their
home in Kitchener, Ont., after a
very enjoyable time visiting Alberta
and the Coast.

Among those who attended the
Calgary Stampede on Monday:
Mr. and Mrs. T. Mair and fam-
ily, Mrs. Methal and daughters,
Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Jarman and
family, Mrs. Mobs and Frances,
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ruddy and
children, Mr. Frank Laut and
son, J. Scholefield.

The many friends of Jas. Caven-
dar, will regret to learn that he is
serious ill following an operation.
Mr. Cavadar has been in the Old
Country for some time. A cable-
gram was received by Mrs. Cavan-
dar on Monday, advising her of his
serious condition.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Gilchrist
and daughters Jean and Gladys,
left on Tuesday mornings train
on a holiday trip to Toronto and
Eastern points. Mr. P. Mique-
lon, relieving agent of the C.P.R.,
has charge at the station during
Joe's absence.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Laut and
daughter Wilda, motored to Banff,
on Sunday morning. Mrs. Laut
and Wilda will spend the week at
the cottage of Dr. and Mrs. Kel-
soy, of Edmonton, who are holi-
daying at Banff. Mr. Laut re-
turned home on Monday night.

Post Office Entered

On the morning of July 4, some
one entered the post office, going
in through the transoms. Some 20
to 25 mail boxes had been opened
and mail scattered about in the
lobby. No effort had been made
to get into the main office, and so
far nothing has been missing; the
motive of the crime is a mystery.

Celebration Was a Huge Success

(Continued from Page 1)

There is plenty of good football
talent in this district, and we can
look forward to some very interest-
ing matches here.

How about picking a team from
Beaverdam and Crossfield and play-
ing a match with Olds?

SOFTBALL

Tan-y-Bryn defeated the West
team; Crossfield won from East
Community; Tan-y-Bryn won from
Crossfield. Meadows got a bye
and a default and will likely play
off with Tan-y-Bryn at some time
for first and second place.

TUG-OF-WAR

East Community, Crossfield and
Wm. Russell's team took part in
this event. Russells heavyweights
winning after a hard struggle.

PLATFORM ATTRACTIONS

The Calgary Girls' Pipe Band,
were an attraction in themselves.
They delighted the large crowd
with their clever dancing and the
pipers added greatly to the days
entertainment.

Johnny English proved to be the
best guesser in the hog weight
guessing contest. Mr. English rang
the bell when he put in a
guess of 23 lbs., which was exactly
what the little porker weighed.

Friday proved to be Mrs. Lay-
ton's lucky day. Her ticket of 111,
proved a winner in the draw for
another large porker.

Charlie Weber donated the two
hogs to the Agricultural Society;
and according to Charlie, they are
the bacon type hogs, and should
make selects this fall. At any rate
Mrs. Layton and Johnny English
have the nucleus of a start in the
hog business. Ed. Springsteen
claims that there is plenty of money
to be made out of hogs. Secretary
Wm. Lau, said that Ed. knew
what he was taking about, as he
counted up the spoils from the two
contests.

The concert and dance in the
U. F. A. Hall at night, by the Cal-
gary Girls' Pipe Band, was well
attended and a fitting climax to a
great community day.

The Agricultural Society take
this opportunity of thanking all
the Committees, and others, who
worked so enthusiastically, to make
the Sports Day the success it was
on July 4th. Also to thank A.
Cruickshank, E. Bills, C. Weber,
G. Gazeley, B. Mobbs; Johnson's
Cash Store and Wm. Pogue, for
their generous donations of special
prizes.

I SAW :

Wm. Laut counting the cash,
and figuring out the profits from
the community celebration.

Fred Stevens in hot pursuit
after two young fellows on a mot-
orcycle who crashed through the
gate without paying. Fred won.

Bill Laut and Dad Halliday do-
ing a thriving business with the
cocoanut shy.

Bill Pogue and H. Quinn toss-
ing a lot of ringers in the horse-
shoe tournament.

Harry Fitzpatrick and his help-
ers making a real job of conduct-
ing the races and athletic events.

Bill Blackader thoroughly enjoy-
ing himself while listening to the
pipes.

George Ainscough, who has a
beautiful ten or eleven voice, was
kept busy announcing the events.

George Jones in three softball
games and a baseball game in one
afternoon.

Wm. Russell put in a busy after-
noon playing the pipes and coach-
ing his tug-of-war team.

Jas. Belshaw and George Mur-
dock put in a busy day assisting
the ladies in the refreshment
booth.

Orval Bills trying to pitch ball.
He looked very good; but as a
pitcher Orval should keep on with
the horsehoes.

Dad Gibson doing a step-dance
on the verandah of his home as
the pipes were playing.

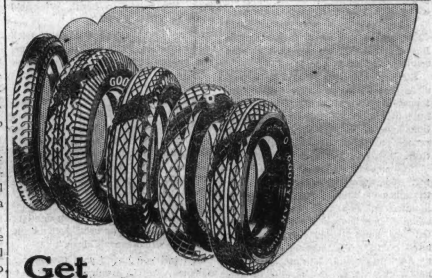
A Public Meeting

WILL BE HELD IN
THE U. F. A. HALL, CROSSFIELD
ON
**MONDAY
JULY 21st.**
at 8.30 p. m.

Dr. Stanley

Conservative Candidate for the Federal
Constituency of East Calgary,
Will Address the Meeting.

A cordial invitation is extended to
everyone to attend.



Get
those new tires
for this week-end

DON'T spend this week-end by the road-
side. Spend it on the road! Come in
right now and we'll fit you out with the new
tires you need. We've got Goodyears in
wide variety as to size, tread and price. But
all offer the biggest value for the money.
Our service in putting them on your wheels
and seeing they are properly inflated is free.

The Crossfield Garage

F. T. Baker Phone 4

JENSEN'S TRANSFER

Regular Daily Service
Between Calgary, Crossfield and Carstairs
We haul Livestock, Machinery,
Freight or Express
Just call us we haul anything—anywhere. Daily Service
Telephone 4 Crossfield
Calgary M5347 Carstairs—135

Milt McCool helping the ladies
of the Aid wash up the dishes and
assisting in general cleaning up.
For Milt's sake I hope his good
wife does not see this paper. It
is a mistake for any man to get
too handy with a dish cloth.

Mr. G. C. Miller, Chairman of
the Airport Board of Vancouver,
and his brother Mr. H. Miller, of
the Canadian General Electric Co.
Calgary, were visitors at the home
of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Mair on
Thursday last.